

THE ORGANON, OR LOGICAL TREATISES, OF ARISTOTLE • VOLUME 2

WITH THE INTRODUCTION OF PORPHYRY. LITERALLY
TRANSLATED, WITH NOTES, SYLLOGISTIC EXAMPLES,
ANALYSIS, AND INTRODUCTION
ARISTOTLE AND PORPHYRY



Resumo de The Organon, or Logical Treatises, of Aristotle (Volume 2); With the Introduction of Porphyry. Literally Translated, with Notes, Syllogistic Examples, Analysis, and Introduction

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VI. Of Arguments against Genus, etc., as applicable to the Subversion of Definition. 1. whatever is Nevertheless we must not forget that every against genus, thing which is referred to property, genus, and accident will also be adapted to definitions, for subversive of by showing that a thing is not present with that accident alone which is under definition, as in the case of method is not property, or that what is given in the definition is for this reason .

Just it, it, A is to be looked for. not genus, or that some one of those things stated in the definition is not present, which may also subvert if ., V, shown not present- he said in accident, if we shall have subverted the definition; so that, on account of the reason given . So as to before, all those things which have been enumerated will after a certain manner be definitive.

Nevertheless we must not on this account look for one method universal in all things, as neither is it easy to discover this, and if it were discovered it would be altogether obscure and useless to the proposed treatise.

But a peculiar Of defin., the method being delivered as to each of the definition, genus, and accident singly, the discussion of the property and accident. ...

The position will be easy from those things which are 2. Necessity of

appropriate to each. Wherefore, as we have before said, we must make a rough division, but of the rest we must join those which are especially dismissed by appropriate to each, denominating them both the same me- definitive and generic.

What, however, have been set forth have almost been adapted to each1 Chap. VII.?In how many ways Same (to ravrov) is predicated.' i. onethinsis We mu...

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